

No. 18-1237

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**In The  
Supreme Court of the United States**

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VEERAMUTHU P. GOUNDER,

*Petitioner,*

vs.

ARGANTE R. GRIPPA & TEW G.A. GRIPPA,

*Respondents.*

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**On Petition For A Writ Of Certiorari To  
The State Of New York Court Of Appeals**

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**PETITION FOR REHEARING**

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VEERAMUTHU P. GOUNDER  
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Phone Number 347-843-1495

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**RECEIVED**

**JUN 28 2019**

**OFFICE OF THE CLERK  
SUPREME COURT, U.S.**

## **SUBMISSION FOR RECONSIDERATION**

Dear Respected and Honorable Justices of the Supreme court of Washington, DC. My name is Veeramuthu P. Gounder, and I am not a lawyer, but a simple taxi driver who cannot afford a lawyer, and am fighting for Justice, Pro-se.

I refer to the above case, and find no explanation for the denial for certiorari, and wish to resubmit for reconsideration, on the grounds that there is no reason given for the vague dismissal that bears no signature of any Justice of the Supreme court, and just a letter from the Clerk of the court, and even though I am not a lawyer, find it hard to reconcile this arbitrary denial without any facts in opposition to my arguments that have merit, or it would not have reached the Supreme court of Washington, DC, and as a Pro Se taxi driver, who is under financial constraints, and on public assistance.

I have produced 40 booklets, and was assured that my case would be perused by 40 learned Justices of the Supreme court of Washington, DC, after much struggle, and financial difficulties, and I contend that I need an explanation for the grounds of denial, as I have paid the legal court fees for the submission, which was accepted, and as such should be told the reason for the disqualification in my search for Justice.

Is Justice only meted out in The United States of America to rich applicants, who have lawyers, and not for struggling citizens on public assistance?

On March 2017, at approximately 5:15 AM, Appellant was driving on the Long Island expressway, behind another vehicle, at a safe distance according to the rules of the motor vehicles of New York, in the speed lane at approx. 55 miles per hour, when the vehicle in front came to a *sudden stop* without any indication of a pending slow down or stop, and no brake lights activated, and as there was a wall on the left, and traffic in the right lane, Appellant was unable to take evasive measures, causing appellant to run into the stopped vehicle, causing damage to the front of Appellant's vehicle.

The driver of the stopped vehicle came out briefly, and when asked for his driver's license and registration and insurance, got back into his vehicle, and drove away leaving the scene. He had to be followed for one and a half miles before he would stop.

911 was called, and an ambulance and fire truck came. The firemen told the drivers to drive up to the first exit and not remain on the highway. So, they drove to the nearest exit. A police officer came one and a half hours later after the ambulance and fire truck had left. Appellant told the officer that the car in front had no rear brake lights, and that he left the scene, and had to be chased for one and a half mile. The officer then left saying that he was not from this area.

When the police report was collected, there was no mention of the serviceability of the front car's brake lights, or if the officer checked it, and no mention of the

actual site of the accident. The officer wrote the address of the present location.

There was an examination before trial conducted.

At the trial, a new lawyer appeared for the defense, and he did not stay within the confines of the EBT, but made other additional charges, that were new and beyond the EBT scope. According to the laws prevalent in New York State, there is also a shared percentage of Contributory negligence, which was totally omitted by the Honorable Judge Terrence C. O'Connor, who gave no explanation for his summary decision, and just dismissing the claim, without taking into consideration, the evidence submitted.

It should also be noted that plaintiff suffered financial damage and hospital bills, and should in view of a denial by the court, it is my right, and a citizen of the United States, under the 6th Amendment, to have my case tried by a jury of my peers, which I have always clung to in every step of the process in litigating my case.

I have lost all faith in the System of legal Jurisprudence as practiced by the Supreme court of Washington, DC, and as I have been maintaining, that in the event that you are unable to arbitrate my case, in reconsideration, I plead that my case may please be put back on trial calendar to be tried by a jury of my peers, which is my right as a U.S. Citizen, under the Sixth Amendment to the Constitution, for which I would be ever grateful.

Hence, I reiterate that it is my humble request, if your Lordships so please, to permit me to be placed on trial calendar, and have a trial by a jury of my peers, which is my right under the 6th Amendment, for which I would remain ever grateful.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

VEERAMUTHU P. GOUNDER (Petitioner)

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**CERTIFICATE OF GOOD FAITH**

Pursuant to Rule 44.2, I certify that the Petition is restricted to the grounds specified in the Rule with substantial grounds not previously presented. I certify that this Petition is presented in good faith and not for delay.

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VEERAMUTHU P. GOUNDER