
IN THE SUPREME COURT OF
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

ROOSEVELT WILLIAMS JR and KANIKA WILLIAMS
Petitioners-Appellants,

v.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF
CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES

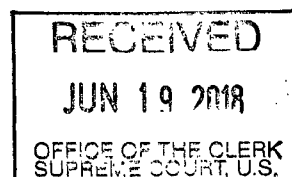
Respondents-Appellees

After a Decision by the United States Supreme Court Denial of Petition of Writ of
Certiorari

PETITION FOR REHEARING

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II.

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

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III.

PETITION FOR REHEARING

Pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 44.1, Roosevelt Williams respectfully petitions for rehearing of the Court's per curiam decision issued on April 30, 2018, Roosevelt Williams, et ux v Los Angeles County Department of Children and Family Services, No. 17-7973 (April 30, 2018). Mr. Williams moves the Court to grant this petition for rehearing and consider his case with merits briefing and oral argument. Pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 44.1, this petition for rehearing is filed within 25 days of this Court's decision in this case.

IV.

REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

a. Denial of Civil Rights on Grounds of Due Process

The Judges in this Case didn't just make a mistake in ruling, they denied us a fair trial altogether. We asserted our right to Jury Trial which is all Americans right and were denied that. We did not receive due process of the law when we were not served properly, and once noticed we asserted rights such as self-representation, right to confront witnesses, freedom to assemble with our children and the requisite burden of proof to be asserted by DCFS to prove the taking and keeping of our children away. We continuously from day 1 to now have asserted the most important element in each case, which is Jurisdictional grounds, asserting vehemently that no California Court has or has ever had Jurisdiction sufficient to justify a ruling of Adoption of any of our children.

Each one was denied outright with no relief at the Appellate level. We filed a petition for Change of Venue due to the proximity of the Court of Appeals in Los Angeles and the Children Court in

Monterey Park, California and asserted evidence that the Judges on Appeal had personal knowledge of the Judge Downing which ordered our children adopted on the professional and personal level. The U.S. Supreme Court also decided that the sliding scale standard for specific jurisdiction violates Due Process in *J. McIntyre Machinery, Ltd. v. Nicaastro* 564 U.S. 873 (2011) <https://supreme.justia.com/cases/federal/us/564/873/>

The Court held that due process protected defendant's right not to be coerced except by lawful judicial power. As a general rule, the exercise of judicial power was not lawful unless defendant "purposefully avails itself of the privilege of conducting activities within the forum State, thus invoking the benefits and protections of its laws."... In our case we were coerced to go to Court, fight and protect our rights to our children only to be illegally denied the right to be their sole providers of care and custody. Our petitions were denied, resulting in a violation of our Right to Due Process of the Law.

b. We never got a chance to represent ourselves at the trial
Level

As stated above, we were not permitted to represent ourselves. Although with Judge Downing presiding and being denied the right to present evidence to a jury for judgment was a major issue in this case, we believe if we would have represented ourselves as petitioned, requested and denied numerous of times, we would have had a Record to show all the issues presented. We both had numerous attorneys during the 7 year history of the case and many were incompetent or indifferent toward our quest to reunite with our children. Issues, questions, tools that attorneys have to assert the rights of their clients

were not presented and were not presented timely. We both had Attorneys who were on the case the longest just all of a sudden quit with no explanation and new attorneys that were not familiar with the case to step in without truly understanding the case, its issues and how to present the facts on the Record for preservation on Appeal. Cases like(In re Drake M. (2012) 211 Cal.App.4th 754, 762 and In re Alysha S. 51 Cal.App.4th 393 (1996).) were never stated by our Attorneys on the Record to show a contrast of similarities and differences of their Cases and ours and the difference in rulings in the same state. Many false statements were not objected nor was the evidence that the Attorneys had to prove the falsity of the statements against us presented to the Court at all or not timely. The level of hatred and conspiracy that had to be present to pull this type of treason and kidnapping leads us to believe that the ruling would have been the same even with our own representation, because our children were ordered Adopted with no evidence of abuse, neglect or abandonment toward any of them by either of their parents, however, that does not change the fact that the Law holds our right to self-representation in high esteem as a civil right that was violated.

c. New Evidence of Native American ancestry which would have referred our case to the Tribal Courts and not Los Angeles County Superior Court

Recently, we became aware that we are descendants of the Federally recognized tribe of Band of Poarch Creek Indians within the State of Alabama. This means that our Case has its own Tribal Court that hears matters regarding custody, care and adoption of our

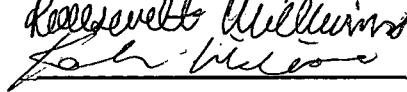
children, who are also descendants of Native Americans. We have Tribal Sovereignty which is recognized by your Government that has not been respected to date. We believe that the conspiracy that took place in kidnapping our children from us and using the legal system to do it, is and was indifferent to the fact that we are Native Americans based on the fact that the persons who the Court Ordered to adopt our children, Willie and Katie Grant, had knowledge that they are Native Americans and kept this knowledge from their daughter, Kanika Williams. Both Willie and Katie Grant grew up in Creek land territory and Willie Grant grew up in a town called Indian Ridge, Alabama. So in addition to the lack of jurisdiction based on your laws and Constitution, there is also a lack of jurisdiction by recognition of sovereignty and treaties signed in the 1800s. As stated many times, we believe and the evidence shows, that the permanent taking and carrying away of our children was planned in a sinister type of way such that no law or procedure has or would be recognized. This does not change the fact that the Law states, Tribal sovereignty ensures that any decisions about the tribes with regard to their property and citizens are made with their participation and consent. The Indian Self-determination and Education Assistance Act of 1975, as amended (25 U.S.C. 450 et seq.) and the Tribal Self-Governance Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 458aa et seq. Like other treaty obligations of the United States, Indian treaties are considered to be “the supreme law of the land” and a protected from encroachment by the State of California or any State or Federal Government.

V. CONCLUSION

In conclusion our children are people and not property of which their best interest are served by being raised by their biological parents. Therefore, Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt Williams respectfully request that this Court grant the petition for rehearing and order full briefing and argument on the merits of this case.

Dated: 6/13/18

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Roosevelt Williams", is written over a horizontal line.

Roosevelt and Kanika Williams

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Pro Se Appellants

CERTIFICATE OF PRO SE APPELLANTS

Pursuant to Rule 44.2, Pro Se Appellants certifies that the Petition is restricted to the grounds specified in the Rule with substantial grounds not previously presented. Pro Se Appellants hereby certify that this Petition for rehearing is presented in good faith and not for delay.

Dated: 6/13/18

Respectfully submitted,



Roosevelt and Kanika Williams

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Pro Se Appellants

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 13th day of June 2018, I filed a Petition for Rehearing, Certificate of Pro Se Appellants and Certificate of Service below with the Clerk of Court located at 1 First Street, NE Washington, DC 20543 by placing ten (10) copies of the foregoing at the United States Post Office addressed to the Clerk of Court using the Certified Mail Service and FedEx Express Service. In addition one copy was sent electronically and first class mail to the following Respondents:

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